



GENERAL SCIENCE CH: 4 ADAPTATIONS IN PLANTS

Name: _____ Date: _____ Class: IV Sec: ____

I Fill in the blanks.

1. Plants are found _____ on the Earth.
2. Plants that grow on land are called _____
3. Plants that grow in water are called _____
4. The body features and habits that help a living thing live in its natural surroundings are called _____
5. In cactus plants, the leaves are reduced into _____ to prevent loss of water.
6. Most cactus plant flower at _____
7. Aquatic plants have _____ in their stems and leaves.
8. The mangrove trees have _____ roots that provide extra support to the trees.
9. Coconut palms have _____ stem to tolerates strong wind.
10. The _____ plants are adapted to grow in hot, dry conditions with very little water

II. Match the following.

A

1. Large fruits
2. Rain forest
3. Deciduous forest
4. Aquatic plants
5. Mangrove
6. Cactus plant

B

- surface root
- stilt root
- air spaces
- thin and broad leaves
- drip tips
- coconut palm

III. Give two examples for each.

1. Terrestrial plants: _____ , _____
2. Aquatic plants: _____ , _____
3. Plants of coastal regions : _____ , _____
4. Plants of desert: _____ , _____



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IV. State TRUE or FALSE

1. Some aquatic plants grow under the surface of the water. _____
2. A variety of shade loving plants grow in rain forest. _____
3. Plants grow in rain forest are adapted to bright sunlight. _____
4. Many kinds of marine and other animals grow in deciduous forest. _____
5. The desert plants are adapted to grow in clayey soil. _____
6. During summer, the trees that grow in deciduous forest shed their leaves. _____

V. Draw and name

a) Terrestrial plant



b) Aquatic plant





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